

Constipation is when a person has fewer bowel movements in a week than normal, has difficulty having a bowel movement, or has stools that are dry, hard, or larger than normal.

Follow these instructions at home:

Eating and drinking



- Eat foods that have a lot of fiber, such as fresh fruits and vegetables, whole grains, and beans.
- Limit foods that are high in fat, low in fiber, or overly processed, such as french fries, hamburgers, cookies, candies, and soda.
- Drink enough fluid to keep your urine clear or pale yellow.

General instructions

- Exercise regularly or as told by your health care provider.
- Go to the restroom when you have the urge to go. **Do not** hold it in.
- Take over-the-counter and prescription medicines only as told by your health care provider. These include any fiber supplements.
- Practice pelvic floor retraining exercises, such as deep breathing while relaxing the lower abdomen and pelvic floor relaxation during bowel movements.
- Watch your condition for any changes.
- Keep all follow-up visits as told by your health care provider. This is important.

Contact a health care provider if:

- You have pain that gets worse.
- You have a fever.
- You do not have a bowel movement after 4 days.
- You vomit.
- You are not hungry.
- You lose weight.
- You are bleeding from the anus.
- You have thin, pencil-like stools.

Get help right away if:

- You have a fever and your symptoms suddenly get worse.
- You leak stool or have blood in your stool.
- Your abdomen is bloated.
- You have severe pain in your abdomen.
- You feel dizzy or you faint.

This information is not intended to replace advice given to you by your health care provider. Make sure you discuss any questions you have with your health care provider.